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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION N	
10/019,767	04/12/2002	Steven Paul Jolliffe	4838 WG-1 1451		
75	90 10/19/2004	EXAMINER			
Douglas W Swartz 1560 Broadway Suite 1200 Denver, CO 80202-5141			HOTALING, JOHN M		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
20, 00 0			3713		
			DATE MAILED: 10/19/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					75				
		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/019,76	7	JOLLIFFE ET AL.					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		John M Ho	=	3713					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
THE M Extensing after SI - If the point of the point o	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF AILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statisty received by the Office later than three months after the main patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no evereply within the statuod will apply and will tute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin tory minimum of thirty (30) day I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this comr (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
Status									
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>29</u>	June 2004.							
	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.								
3)□ S	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositio	n of Claims								
4; 5)□ C 6)⊠ C 7)□ C	4) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicatio	n Papers								
9)[] TI	he specification is objected to by the Exami	iner.							
10)∐ TI	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
	applicant may not request that any objection to the								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachment(s	s)								
	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice 3) Informa	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 No(s)/Mail Date	08)	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	52)				

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical

Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000.

Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 8 –12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being clearly anticipated by Helderman US Patent 5,743,815. Column 3 of Helderman discloses a transponder encapsulated for protection and that additional means should be used to reduce shock damage to the transponder. The transponder is inserted into a metal tube with a spacer to absorb shock impacts. This tube acts as a spring for absorbing impacts. The transponder 14 is maintenance free and has a programmed code which is unique so one golf ball may be distinguished from another. 3:48-57 discloses that the transponder may be inserted into a existing golf ball but in the preferred embodiment that the ball is preferable formed or made around the transponder and its housing. The transponder 12 is in a cuboid shape and are molded in a spherical shape with an outside skin with

dimples on it as can be seen in figure 1 of Helderman. The transponder is attached to a diaphragm (spacer material) around the spring (tube 18).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Helderman US Patent 5,743,815 in view of Boiron US Patent 6,0212,949. Helderman discloses all of the instant application with respect to the golf ball please see figures 1 and 2 which shows a transponder assembly in a aluminum tube or diaphragm which is used to accept impacts as explained in columns 3 and 4. The coded element and the aerial are connected to the diaphragm, as shown in figure 2 and the relative portions of the specification. Helderman lacks in disclosing specifically a coded element or chip and the specifics related to the coded element but instead discloses it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in this application to the details of construction and to the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein are for the purpose of description and could not be regarded as limiting. As such, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the

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conception, upon which this disclosure is based, may readily be utilized as a basis for the designing of other structures, methods and systems for carrying out the several purposes of the present invention. It is important, therefore, that the claims be regarded as including such equivalent constructions insofar as they do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention (see column 2). This would be motivation for one skilled in the art to investigate the usage of different transponders that are used for a similar purpose, namely the location of the object. In an analogous invention to Boiron there is disclosed a gambling chip with an identification device. Figures 5a and 6a discloses a chip and aerial connected to a diaphragm. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art using the motivation provided above to combine the references to incorporated all of the features of a chip and an aerial attached to a diaphragm. With respect to the characteristics of a diaphragm please see Helderman where it is disclosed that it may be made of aluminum or a metallic housing (3:30-35) and is capable of conducting heat. Since it is taught by Helderman that alternative structures may be used it would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to search for and use an equivalent transponder.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 6/29/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to the restriction requirement the examiner has considered the request to withdraw the applicant's representative that the request has been granted.

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With respect to withdraw the 102 rejection that the claimsd subject matter is not taught by the prior art cited the examiner more clearly points out above where the transponder in a capsule member can have a golf ball molded around it in order to reduce the impact absorption.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., where the core can be sliced in half, the capsule placed at thecenter and the halves bound back together) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

With respect to the applicant's representative arguments relative to the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejection The rejection is based on a combination of references and the distinguishing features which were lacking in the Helderman reference were taught by the reference to Boiron using the motivation in Helderman that it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in this application to the details of construction and to the arrangements of the components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments and of being practiced and carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein are for the purpose of description and could not be regarded as limiting. As such, those skilled in the art will appreciate that the conception, upon which this disclosure is based, may readily be utilized as a basis for the designing

of other structures, methods and systems for carrying out the several purposes of the present invention. It is important, therefore, that the claims be regarded as including such equivalent constructions insofar as they do not depart from the spirit and scope of the present invention (see column 2). This would be motivation for one skilled in the art to investigate the usage of different transponders that are used for a similar purpose, namely the location of the object.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Conclusion -

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John M Hotaling II whose telephone number is 703 305 0780. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 7:30-6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Xuan Thai can be reached on (703) 308 2064. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JOHN M. HOTALING, II PRIMARY-EXAMINER

October 15, 2004